Name:	Index No.:	Class:

PRESBYTERIAN HIGH SCHOOL



MATHEMATICS PAPER 1

14 August 2023

Monday

2 hours 15 minutes

4052/01

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2023 SECONDARY FOUR EXPRESS PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION

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Answer all the questions.

If working is needed for any question, it must be shown with the answer.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

The use of an approved scientific calculator is expected, where appropriate.

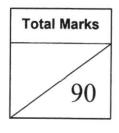
If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of π .

Note that all the diagrams in this paper are not drawn to scale.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 90.

For Examiner's Use									
Category	Accuracy	Notations	Others	Marks Deducted					
Question No.									



This question paper consists of 23 printed pages (including this cover page) and 1 blank page.

Mathematical Formulae

Compound Interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^{r}$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone = πrl Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$ Volume of a cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ Area of triangle $ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$ Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians Sector area = $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Statistics

Mean =
$$\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation = $\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$

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Answer all the questions.

1 Solve 7x = 18 + 3x.

Answer $x = \dots$ [1]

(a) Calculate
$$\frac{26.18^3}{\sqrt{4.52 - 0.4^2}}$$
.
Write your answer correct to 5 significant figures.

2

(b) Write your answer to part (a) in standard form.

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4

3 (a) Express 784 as the product of prime factors.

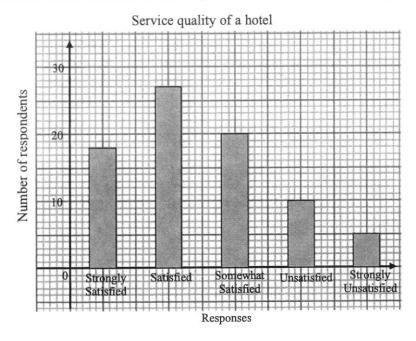
(b) It is given that a and b are prime numbers. Find the smallest values of a and b such that $784 \times \frac{a}{b}$ is a perfect cube.

Answer	<i>a</i> =	[1]
	<i>b</i> =	[1]

4 Expand and simplify (w+5)(1-w).

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- 5
- 5 The bar graph below shows the results of a survey conducted on the service quality of a hotel.



(a) Find the percentage of respondents who answered 'Strongly Satisfied' and 'Satisfied'.

Answer% [1]

(b) Suggest the use of another statistical diagram to represent the results of the survey conducted, that can show the relative size of a part in relation to the whole.

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6 Find the largest integer that satisfies 2y - 3 < 4.

P is directly proportional to Q³.
When Q = 2, P = 64.
When the value of Q is halved, the value of P changes by a factor of m.
Find the value of m.

Answer $m = \dots$ [2]

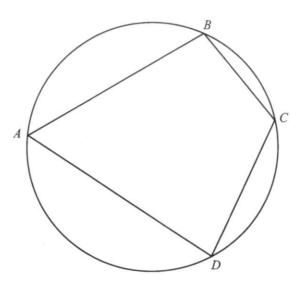
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BP~185

[1]

8 The diagram shows a quadrilateral playground ABCD.

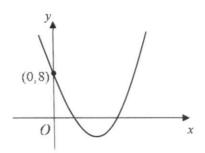
A circular fence is constructed around the playground such that the vertices, A, B, C and D of the playground touch the circumference of the fence.



(a)	Construct the perpendicular bisector of AB .	[1]
(b)	Construct the bisector of angle ADC.	[1]
(c)	A sand pit is to be constructed inside the circular fence but outside the quadrilateral playground. The sand pit is nearer to AD than CD and nearer to B than A .	

Shade the region for the sand pit to be constructed.

9 The diagram below shows the graph of $y = 3(x-h)^2 - 4$.



(a) Find the value of h.

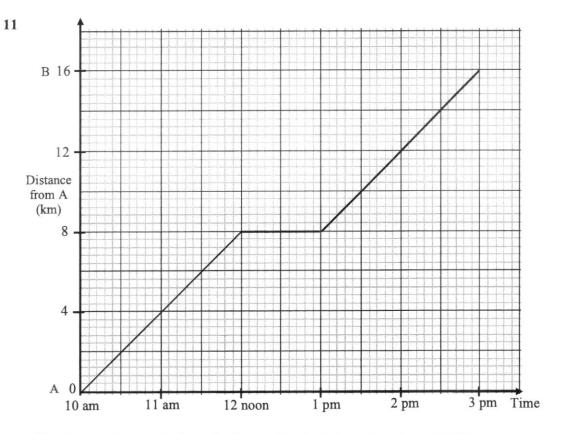
Answer $h = \dots$ [2] (b) Explain why the graph of $y = 3(x-h)^2 + 1$ does not cut the x-axis. Answer [1] A group of six students took a Mathematics quiz and the marks were recorded below. 8 10 9 13 9 10 (a) Calculate the standard deviation. (b) Two other students also took the quiz, and their marks were recorded. Given that the mean mark obtained by the eight students was 10 and the mode was also 10, find the marks of these two students.

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10

BP~187

9



The distance-time graph shows the journey Tan took to run from town A to B.

(a) Find the distance Tan ran in the first two hours.

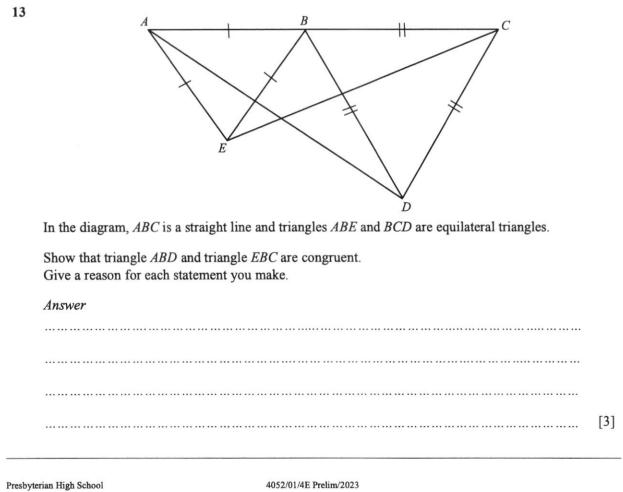
(b) Calculate the average speed, in m/s, for the whole journey Tan ran.

Answerm/s [2]

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BP~188

12 Simplify
$$\frac{2y^2 + y - 3}{4y^2 - 9}$$
.



10

PartnerInLearning166

14 The first three terms in a sequence of numbers, T_1 , T_2 , T_3 , ... are given below.

$$T_{1} = 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$
$$T_{2} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}$$
$$T_{3} = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4}$$

(a) Write down T_4 .

- (b) Show that the total sum of $T_1, T_2, T_3, ..., T_n$ in the above sequence is $1 \frac{1}{n+1}$. Answer

A, B and C are points (-1, 0), (3, 8) and (2, 1) respectively.
(a) Find the length of AB.

Answer $AB = \dots$ units [2]

(b) Find the equation of the line that passes through B and has the same gradient as AC.

Answer [2]

16 (a) Find the interior angle of a regular 18-sided polygon.

Answer [2]

(b) An *n*-sided polygon has two of its exterior angles at 45° and 75° . If the remaining exterior angles are each 20° , calculate the value of *n*.

Answer $n = \dots$ [2]

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BP~191

17 (a) Simplify $\left(\frac{a^{-6}}{b^9}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$ and leave your answer in positive index notation.

(b) Given that $2^{4x} \div 2^x = \sqrt[3]{2}$, find *x*.

Answer $x = \dots$ [2]

18 (a) Given that $m^2 - 8mn + 16n^2 = 0$, find the value of $\frac{m}{n}$.

(b) Factorise completely 3ac - 7c + 18ab - 42b.

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19 A florist sells three types of bouquets, Bliss, Love and Commitment. The number of stalks for each type of flower in each type of bouquet is shown in the table.

	Γ	Type of Flower							
		Rose	Lily	Gerbera	Sunflower				
Type of	Bliss	2	0	7	3				
Bouquet	Love	3	1	5	1				
	Commitment	8	2	4	0				

(a) Represent the above information in a 3×4 matrix, F.



- (b) The cost of each stalk of Rose, Lily, Gerbera and Sunflower is \$6, \$7.80, \$2.50 and \$3 respectively.
 - (i) Represent this information in a 4×1 column matrix, **H**.

Answer
$$\mathbf{H} = \left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \right)$$
 [1]

(ii) Evaluate the matrix $\mathbf{J} = \mathbf{F}\mathbf{H}$.

Answer J =[1]

(iii) State what the elements of J represent.

Answer

[1]

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[2]

20 Box X contains 5 balls numbered 2, 3, 4, 7 and 9.

Box Y contains another 5 balls numbered 1, 5, 6, 8, and 10. In a game, Ming drew a ball at random from each box, and the sum of both numbers is obtained.

(a) Complete the possibility diagram below.

			Be	ox Y		
	+	1	5	6	8	10
	2	3			10	12
Box X	3		8			
Down	4			10		
	7				15	
	9	10	14			19

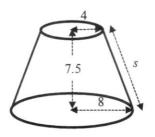
(b) Find the probability that

(i) the sum of both numbers is an odd number,

(ii) the sum is a multiple of one of the two numbers drawn.

21 The upper part of a solid wooden right circular cone was cut off leaving the frustum as shown in the diagram. The frustum has top radius 4 cm, base radius 8 cm and height 7.5 cm.

16



(a) Show that the slant height, s, is 8.5 cm. Answer

(b) Find the curved surface area of the frustum.

R

x

22 In triangle *MNR*, point *M* is (-3, 0) and $\sin \angle NMR = \frac{5}{13}$. *Q* is a point on the negative *x*-axis.

0

(a)	Express	the	following	as	а	fraction	
-----	---------	-----	-----------	----	---	----------	--

M(-3,0)

(i) $\cos \angle NMQ$,

0

 Answer
 [2]

 (ii) tan ∠NMR.
 Answer

 Answer
 [1]

 (b) The area of triangle MNR is 50 square units.
 Find the coordinates of R.

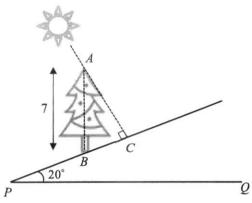
Answer (.....) [2]

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BP~196

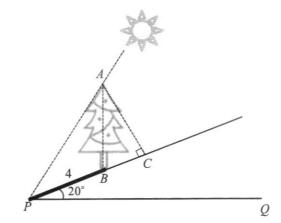
- 18
- 23 The diagram below shows a tree AB of height 7 m that stands vertically on a slope inclined at 20° with the horizontal PQ.

At a particular time in the morning, the tree casts a shadow, BC, on the slope. AC is perpendicular to the slope.



(a) Calculate the length of the shadow, BC.

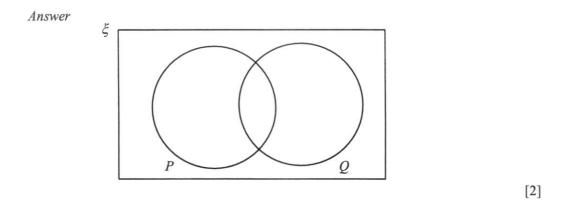
After some time, the sun goes into a position as shown below.



(b) If the shadow, BP, of the tree on the slope is 4 m, find the angle that the sunray makes with the horizontal PQ.

BP~198

- 24 (a) $\xi = \{ \text{integers } x : 1 \le x \le 12 \}$ $P = \{ \text{prime numbers} \}$ $Q = \{ \text{multiples of } 3 \}$
 - (i) Represent the above information on the Venn diagram shown in the answer space below.



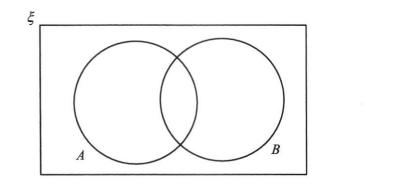
(ii) List the elements in $(P' \cap Q') \cup (P \cap Q)$.

(iii) $R = \{x : x \text{ is a multiple of } 6\}$

Use set notation to describe the relationship between Q and R.

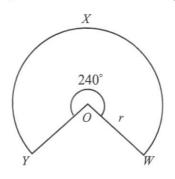
[1]

(b) On the Venn diagram, shade the region which represents the set $A \cap B'$.



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25 OWXY is a sector of a circle, centre O, of radius r cm and reflex angle 240° .



The sector OWXY has an area of 150π cm².

(a) Express 240° in terms of π radians.

Answerrad [2]

[2]

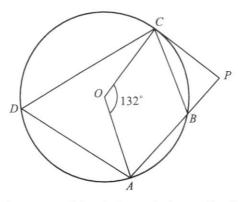
(b) Show that r = 15.

Answer

(c) The radii, OW and OY, are joined together to form a cone. Find the base radius of the cone.

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26



In the diagram above, O is the centre of the circle, such that angle $COA = 132^{\circ}$. PC is a tangent to the circle at C and PBA is a straight line.

By giving a reason for each step of your working, find

(a) $\angle CDA$,

(b) $\angle CBP$.

Answer [2]

(c) If the radius of the circle is 3.55 cm, calculate the area of triangle AOC.

END OF PAPER

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4052/01/4E Preliminary Examination/2023

2. The equation $(x-h)^2 = -\frac{1}{3}$ has no solution for x	1.57	10 and 11	8 km	$\frac{8}{2}$ m/sec or 0.889 m/sec	9	$\frac{y-1}{2y-3}$	1) $AB = EB$ (sides of an equilateral triangle / given)	2) $BD = BC$ (sides of an equilateral triangle / given)	3) $\measuredangle ABD = 180^\circ - 60^\circ$ (adj. \angle on a st. line)	$= \measuredangle EBC$ =120°	triangle ABD is congruent to triangle EBC (SAS)	$T_4 = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{5}$	$\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right) + \dots + \left(\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+1}\right) = 1 - \frac{1}{n+1}$	8.94 units	$y = \frac{1}{3}x + 7$	160°	<i>n</i> =14		a^2b^3	$x = \frac{1}{0}$	$\frac{m}{m} = 4$	n
	10a	10b	11a	11b	ç	71	13					14a	14b	15a	15b	16a	16b	17a		17b	18a	
$x = \frac{9}{2}$	8593.4	8 5934×10 ³	74.72	a = 7 and b = 2		56.25%	Pie chart	3	$m = \frac{1}{8}$	(a) 13 (b) B1		X						<i>h</i> =2	Either one	1. The minimum point of the graph $y = 3(x-h)^2 + 1$ is $(h, 1)$	or (2, 1).	

BP~202

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	21a	Presbyterian

320 cm ²	- <u>12</u> - <u>13</u>	رد د د د		Coordinates of $K = (1/, 0)$	2.39 m	65.8°	2400	_	4 2 5 5	8 7 11 7 8	10 12 12		b d	$(P' \cap \mathcal{Q}') \cup (P \cap \mathcal{Q}) = \{1, 3, 4, 8, 10\}$						A A		$\frac{4}{2}\pi$ rad	3
21b	22ai	22aii	110	077	23a	23b	24ai							24aii	24aiii	24b					760	BC7	
[]										f	°	F							1				7
										ur types o	quet Bliss		10	12	13	14	17	19					
										represent the total cost of the four types of	ver in bouc		~	10	fronsi fronsi	12	15	17					
										e total cost	nd Sunflov ivelv		9	8	6	10	13	15					
										present the	Gerbera a	handent itte	5	7	8	6	12	14					
1 -7)	7 3	4 0								nts of J re	cose, Lily,		1	3	4	5	8	10					
(c+6b)(3a-7)	$\mathbf{F} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	/	(9)	7.80	$\mathbf{H} = \begin{bmatrix} 2.50 \end{bmatrix}$	3	(38.50)	41.30	73.60	The elements of J	flowers - Rose, Lily, Gerbera and Sunflower in bouquet Bliss, I ove and Commitment respectively		+	2	3	4	7	6	13	25	2 4	0	Show
18b	19a		19bi				19bii			19biii		1	20a						20bi		20bii	1	21a

BP~203

25

25b	Show
25c	10
26a	$\angle CDA = 132^\circ \div 2$
	= $66^{\circ}(\angle \text{ at the centre} = \text{twice } \angle \text{ at circumference})$
26b	$\angle CBA = 180^{\circ} - 66^{\circ}$
	= 114° ($\angle s$ in opp. segment)
	$\angle CBP = 180^{\circ} - 114^{\circ}$ (adj. $\angle s$ on a st. line)
	= 66°
26c	4.68 cm ²

4052/01/4E Prelim/2023

PartnerInLearning182

Presbyterian High School

BP~204

26

Name:

Register Number:

PRESBYTERIAN HIGH SCHOOL

MATHEMATICS PAPER 2

16 August 2023

4052/02

Wednesday

2 hours 15 minutes

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2023 SECONDARY FOUR EXPRESS PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION

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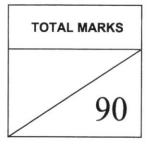
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Qn	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Marks Deducted	
Marks											



Category	Accuracy	Notations	Others
Question			

Setter: Mr Tan Lip Sing Vetter: Mrs Joyce Yeo

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Area of triangle ABC = $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$
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Sector area = $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

Statistics

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Mean =
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Standard deviation = $\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$

PartnerInLearning184

1 (a) Rearrange the formula $c = \frac{d^2 + 5}{d^2 - 3}$ to make d the subject.

(b) Write as a single fraction in its simplest form $\frac{3}{(x-2)^2} - \frac{1}{2-x}$.

(c) Solve these simultaneous equations.

5x + 3y = 143x + 5y = 18

You must show your working.

Answer $x = \dots$

y =[3]

(d) Solve the equation
$$\frac{2x-1}{5x-6} = \frac{1}{2x-3}$$
.

2 (a) Before departing London for Singapore, Peter bought 3000 Singapore dollars from the bank. The exchange rate between British pounds (£) and Singapore dollars (\$) was £1 = \$1.71. He also had to pay the bank an additional commission fee of 1.5% for the exchange of currency.

Calculate the total amount of pounds, inclusive of commission, he paid the bank. Give your answer correct to the nearest pound.

- (b) Peter bought a laptop while he was in Singapore. He paid \$664.20 inclusive of the 8% GST (Goods & Services Tax) for the laptop after getting a discount of A% on the original price. The laptop's original price is \$750 before GST.
 - (i) Find the GST amount paid for the laptop.

Answer \$[2]

(ii) Calculate the value of A.

Answer $A = \dots$ [2]

(c) Mary invests \$20 000 in an endowment plan that offers 4% per year compound interest. How much interest will she receive after 10 years? Give your answer correct to the nearest cent.

Answer \$[2]

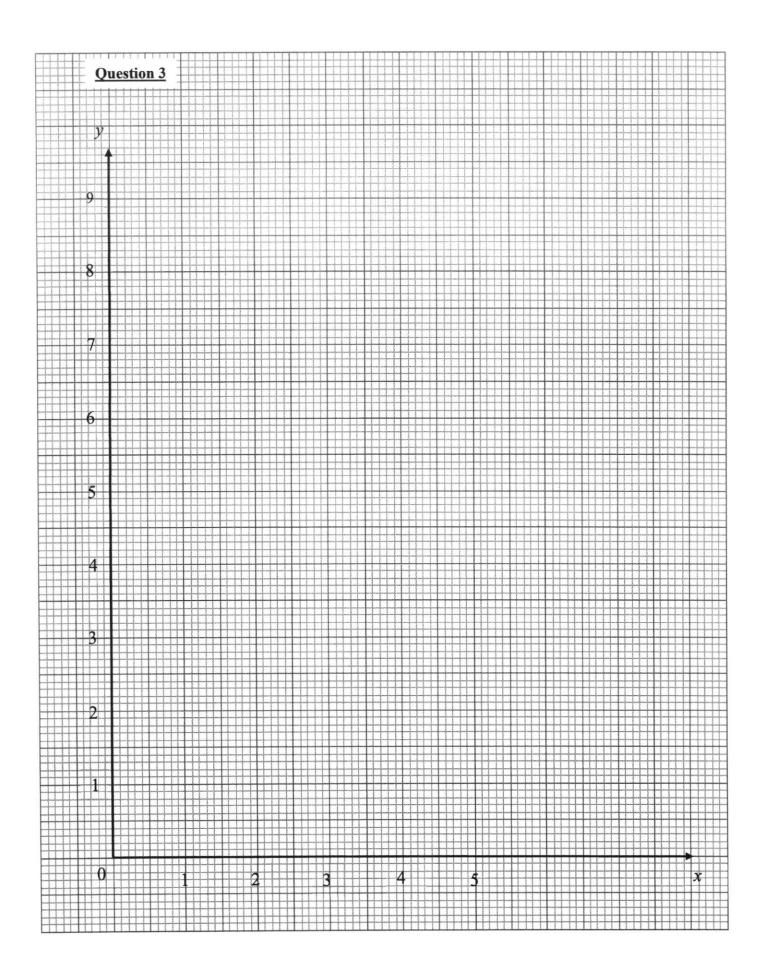
(d) A map of a province has a scale of 1 : 500 000.

(i) The length of an expressway on the map is 25 cm.
 Calculate the actual length, in kilometres, of the expressway.

Answer km [1]

(ii) The area of a reservoir is 180 km².Calculate the area, in square centimetres, of the reservoir on the map.

Answer $\dots cm^2$ [2]



3 The variables x and y are connected by the equation $y = \frac{x^2}{5} + \frac{4}{x}$.

The table below shows some corresponding values of x and y, correct to 2 decimal places.

x	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	4	5
у	8.05	4.20	3.12	2.80	2.85	3.13	4.20	5.80

(a) On the grid provided, draw the graph of $y = \frac{x^2}{5} + \frac{4}{x}$ for $0.5 \le x \le 5$.

Plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve. [3]

(b) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at x = 3.

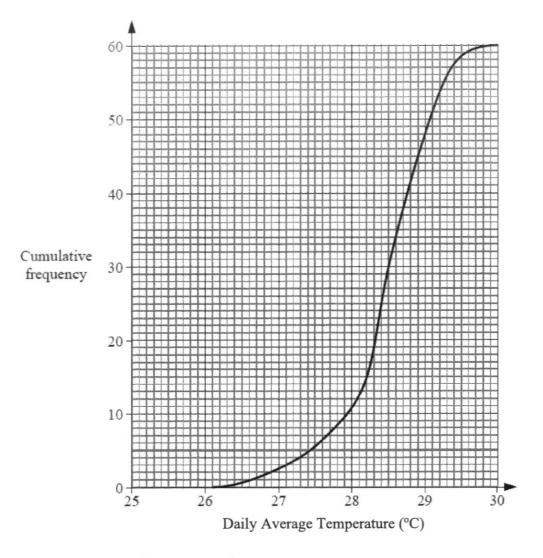
(c) (i) On the same grid, draw the line
$$y = 7 - \frac{1}{2}x$$
 for $0 \le x \le 5$. [1]

(ii) Write down the x-coordinates of the points where this line intersects the curve.

(iii) Find the equation, in the form $2x^3 + ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, which is satisfied by the values of x found in (c)(ii).

(d) Use your graph to find the values of x in the range $0 \le x \le 5$ for which $0.2x^2 + \frac{4}{x} - 2 = 3$.

4 (a) The daily average temperature at Town A was recorded for 60 days. The cumulative frequency curve below shows the distribution of the temperatures.



(i) Use the curve to estimate(a) the median temperature,

Answer °C [1]

(b) the interquartile range of the temperatures,

Answer °C [2]

(c) the number of days that Town A had temperatures above 29° C.

Answer days [1]

 (ii) The daily average temperature at Town B was recorded for the same period. The interquartile range of the temperatures at Town B is 1.5°C. Use this information to comment on one difference between the temperature at Town A and at Town B.

......[1]

(b) Box A contains 6 red cards, 4 blue cards and 2 green cards. Box B contains 3 red cards and 5 blue cards. A card is drawn at random from Box A and put into Box B. Next, a card is drawn at random from Box B.

Find, as a fraction in its simplest form, the probability that

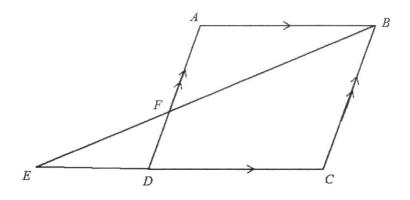
(i) two green cards are drawn,

(ii) neither of the cards is green,

(iii) the two cards are of the same colour.

5 (a) The diagram shows a parallelogram ABCD with CD produced to E.

F is the point of intersection of BE and AD.



(i) Show that triangle BAF and triangle EDF are similar.Give a reason for each statement you make.

(ii) State another triangle that is similar to BAF and EDF.

Answer Triangle[1]

(iii) The ratio ED: DC = 2:3. Find the ratio BC: AF.

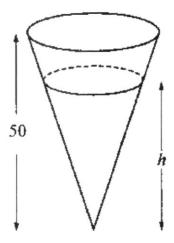
(iv) Given that the area of triangle EDF is 9.5 cm², find the area of triangle BAF.

Answer cm² [2]

(b) The diagram below shows a cone of height 50 cm.

The volume of the liquid in the cone is $\frac{3}{4}$ of the volume of the cone.

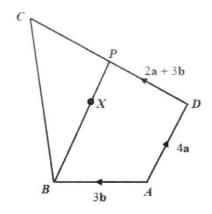
Calculate the depth, h cm, of the liquid.



Answer cm [2]

6 In the diagram below, P is a point on DC, such that DC = 2DP and X is a point on BP such that 3BX = 2BP.

It is given that $\overrightarrow{AD} = 4\mathbf{a}$, $\overrightarrow{AB} = 3\mathbf{b}$, and $\overrightarrow{DP} = 2\mathbf{a} + 3\mathbf{b}$.



- (a) Express, as simply as possible, in terms of a and/or b,
 - (i) \overrightarrow{BP} ,

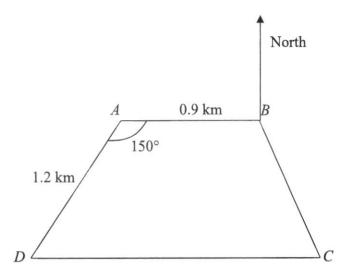
(ii) \overrightarrow{AX} ,

(iii) \overrightarrow{AC} .

(b) Explain whether the points A, X and C lie on the same straight line.

[2]

(c) Given that the area of triangle $BCP = 24 \text{ cm}^2$, find the area of triangle CXP.



The diagram shows four towns A, B, C and D on a piece of horizontal land. Town A is due west of Town B. ABCD is a trapezium such that AB = 0.9 km, AD = 1.2 km and angle $BAD = 150^{\circ}$.

(a) Calculate the distance between Town B and Town D.

Answer km [3]

(b) Find angle BDC.

Answer° [2]

PartnerInLearning200

(c) Calculate the bearing of D from B.

Answer° [2]

(d) A tower is standing at Town B.The greatest angle of elevation of the top of the tower, T, from the path CD is 18°. Find the height of the tower in metres.

Answer m [3]

- 8 James bought some essential oil for \$720 at x per litre.
 - (a) Write an expression, in terms of x, for the number of litres of essential oil he bought.

Answer litres [1]

(b) Due to a leakage in the container, 5 litres of essential oil were lost. James sold the remaining essential oil at \$2 per litre more than what he had paid for. Write an expression, in terms of x, for the amount of money he received from the sale of essential oil.

(c) Given that James made a profit of \$100, write down an equation in x to represent this information and show that it reduces to $x^2 + 22x - 288 = 0$.

(d) Solve the equation $x^2 + 22x - 288 = 0$.

(e) Find, to the nearest litre, the amount of essential oil James sold.

Answer litres [2]

9 The table below shows the Income Tax Rate in Singapore.

Chargeable Income	Rate (%)	Gross Tax Payable (\$)
On the first \$120,000	-	7,950
On the next \$40,000	15	6,000
On the first \$160,000	-	13,950
On the next \$40,000	18	7,200
On the first \$200,000	-	21,150
On the next \$40,000	19	7,600
On the first \$240,000	-	28,750
On the next \$40,000	19.5	7,800

Table 1: Income Tax Rate

(a) Henry enjoyed a total tax relief of \$15 000 and paid \$14 130 of income tax for the year of assessment 2022. Calculate his annual income in 2022.
 [Annual income = Chargeable income + tax relief]

Answer \$[2]

Henry recently got a pay rise and his income is now \$15 500 per month. He is keen to buy a private condominium which is priced at \$1 200 000. To afford this condominium, he needs to apply for a bank loan of \$800 000.

(b) The maximum duration of a housing loan for private properties is up to 35 years or 65 years of age, whichever is lower.

Given that Henry is 45 years old, find the maximum number of years Henry can loan from the bank.

Answer years [1]

(c) Henry decides to apply for a loan for the maximum duration allowed for his age. The loan from the bank is subject to a simple interest of 3.5% per annum.

The government introduced the Total Debt Servicing Ratio (TDSR) to prevent individuals from over-borrowing.

Information about TDSR

- Total Debt Servicing Ratio = $\frac{\text{Total monthly debt repayment}}{\text{Monthly income}}$
- Total monthly debt repayment includes repayments for car loans, personal loans, credit card expenditure, home loans and other loans.
- The maximum TDSR allowed is 55%.

His current monthly debt repayment is shown in the table below:

Туре	Amount (\$)
Car loan	1000
Credit card Expenditure	1000
Personal loans	1000

By considering the TDSR ratio, will the bank approve his loan request? Justify your answer and show your calculations clearly.

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MATHEMATICS PAPER 1 14 August 2023

Monday

2 hours 15 minutes

4052/01

MARK SCHEME

4052/01/4E Preliminary Examination/2023

Answer all the questions.

- 1 Solve 7x = 18 + 3x.
 - 7x = 18 + 3x4x = 18 $x = \frac{9}{2} \quad --- B1$
- 2 (a) Calculate $\frac{26.18^3}{\sqrt{4.52 0.4^2}}$

Write your answer correct to 5 significant figures.

8593.4 --- B1

(b) Write your answer to part (a) in standard form.

8.5934×10³ --- B1

- 3 (a) Express 784 as a product of prime factors.

(b) It is given that a and b are prime numbers.

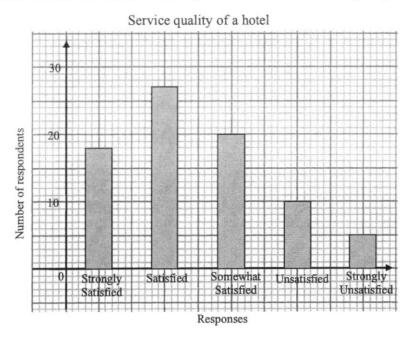
Find the smallest values of a and b such that $784 \times \frac{a}{b}$ is a perfect cube.

4 Expand and simplify (w+5)(1-w). (w+5)(1-w) $= -w^2 + w - 5w + 5$ --- M1: at least 2 correctly expanded terms $= -w^2 - 4w + 5$ --- A1

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5 The bar graph below shows the results of a survey conducted on the service quality of a hotel.



(a) Find the percentage of respondents who answered 'Strongly Satisfied' and 'Satisfied'.

$$\frac{18+27}{18+27+20+10+5} \times 100\%$$

= 56.25% --- B1

(b) Suggest the use of another statistical diagram to represent the results of the survey conducted, that can show the relative size of a part in relation to the whole.

Pie Chart --- B1

6 Find the largest integer that satisfies 2y-3 < 4. 2y-3 < 4 2y < 7 $y < \frac{7}{2}$ B1: seen this answer The largest integer is 3. ---- B1

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BP~236

4

P is directly proportional to Q^3 . 7

> When Q = 2, P = 64. When the value of Q is halved, the value of P changes by a factor of m. Find the value of m.

$$P = kQ^{3}$$
When $Q = 2$ and $P = 64$

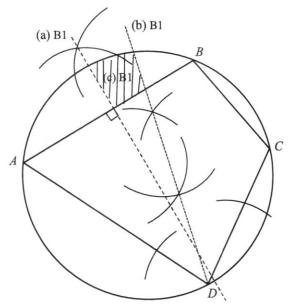
$$64 = k(2)^{3} \qquad ---- \text{ M1: attempt to find the proportionality constant by substitution}$$

$$k = 8$$

$$P = 8Q^{3}$$

$$P_{new} = 8\left(\frac{1}{2}Q\right)^{3} = 8\left(\frac{Q^{3}}{8}\right) = Q^{3}$$
Hence the factor *m* is $\frac{1}{8}$. --- A1

The diagram shows a quadrilateral playground ABCD. 8 A circular fence is constructed around the playground such that the vertices, A, B, C and D of the playground touch the circumference of the fence.



- (a) Construct the perpendicular bisector of AB.
- (b) Construct the bisector of angle ADC.
- (c) A sand pit is to be constructed inside the circular fence but outside the quadrilateral playground. The sand pit is nearer to AD than CD and nearer to B than A. Shade the region for the sand pit to be constructed. [1]

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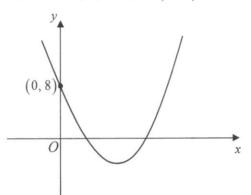
4052/01/4E Prelim/2023

[1]

[1]

[1]

9 The diagram below shows the graph of $y = 3(x-h)^2 - 4$.



- (a) Find the value of h. Substitute (0, 8): $8 = 3(0-h)^2 - 4$ --- M1: shows substitution h = 2 or -2 (reject) $\therefore h = 2$ --- A1
- (b) Explain why the graph of $y = 3(x-h)^2 + 1$ does not cut the x-axis.

Either one

1. The minimum point of the graph $y = 3(x-h)^2 + 1$ is (h, 1) or (2, 1).

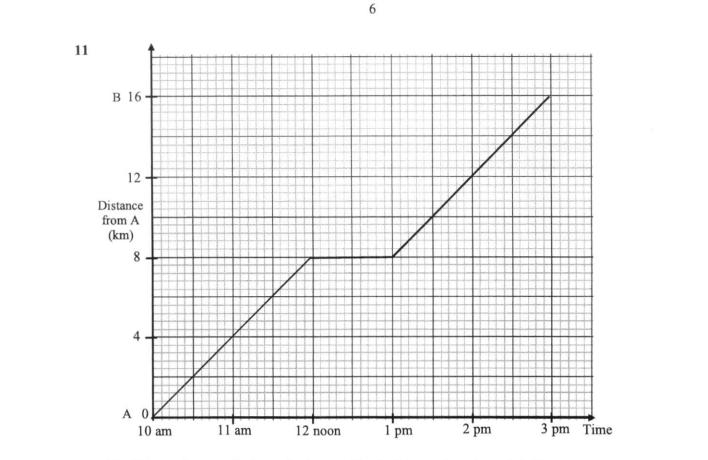
2. The equation $(x-h)^2 = -\frac{1}{3}$ has no solution for x.

10 A group of six students took a Mathematics quiz and the marks were recorded below.

8 10 9 13 10 9

- (a) Calculate the standard deviation.1.57
- (b) Two other students also took the quiz, and their marks were recorded. Given that the mean mark obtained by the eight students was 10 and the mode was also 10, find the marks of these two students.

The two marks are 10 and 11. --- B1, B1



The distance-time graph shows the journey Tan took to run from town A to B.

- (a) Find the distance Tan ran in the first two hours.
 8 km --- B1
- (b) Calculate the average speed, in m/s, for the whole journey Tan ran.

Average speed = $\frac{16000}{5 \times 60 \times 60}$ --- M1: attempt to convert km to m or h to sec = $\frac{8}{9}$ m/sec or 0.889 m/sec --- A1

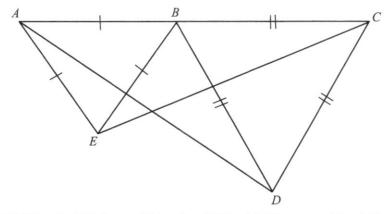
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BP~239

[3]

12 Simplify
$$\frac{2y^2 + y - 3}{4y^2 - 9}$$
.
 $\frac{2y^2 + y - 3}{4y^2 - 9}$
 $= \frac{(2y+3)(y-1)}{(2y+3)(2y-3)}$ --- M1, M1: factorise numerator and denominator
 $= \frac{y-1}{2y-3}$ --- A1





In the diagram, ABC is a straight line and triangles ABE and BCD are equilateral triangles.

Show that triangle *ABD* and triangle *EBC* are congruent. Give a reason for each statement you make. *Answer*

 AB = EB (sides of an equilateral triangle / given)
 BD = BC (sides of an equilateral triangle / given) --- B1: at least one statement with reason pr
 ∠ABD = 180° - 60° (adj. ∠ on a st. line) = ∠EBC --- B1: show equivalent angles with explanation = 120°
 ∴ triangle ABD is congruent to triangle EBC (SAS) --- B1: with name of test 14 The first three terms in a sequence of numbers, T_1 , T_2 , T_3 , ... are given below.

$$T_{1} = 1 - \frac{1}{2}$$
$$T_{2} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}$$
$$T_{3} = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4}$$

(a) Write down T_4 .

$$T_4 = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{5} - B1$$

- (b) Show that the total sum of $T_1, T_2, T_3, \dots, T_n$ in the above sequence is $1 \frac{1}{n+1}$. $\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right) + \dots + \left(\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+1}\right) \quad \text{--- M1: seen either the formation or } \left(\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+1}\right)$ $= 1 - \frac{1}{n+1} \quad \text{--- [AG1: shown]}$
- 15 A, B and C are points (-1, 0), (3, 8) and (2, 1) respectively.
 - (a) Find the length of AB.

Length of $AB = \sqrt{(-1-3)^2 + (0-8)^2}$ --- M1: correct application of length formula = 8.94 units (3s.f.) --- B1

(b) Find the equation of the line that passes through B and has the same gradient as AC.

$$mAC = \frac{1-0}{2-(-1)} = \frac{1}{3} - - M1$$

Equation of line passing through B has the same gradient $=\frac{1}{3}$

The equation of the line:

$$y = \frac{1}{3}x + c$$
 or $y - 8 = \frac{1}{3}(x - 3)$ (No marks without simplification)
 $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 7$ --- A1

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16 (a) Find the interior angle of a regular 18-sided polygon.

$$\frac{(18-2)\times 180^{\circ}}{18} --- M1 = 160^{\circ} --- A1$$

(b) An *n*-sided polygon has two of its exterior angles at 45° and 75°.
 If the remaining exterior angles are each 20°, calculate the value of *n*.

45+75+(n-2)(20) = 360 --- M1n = 14 --- A1

17 (a) Simplify
$$\left(\frac{a^{-6}}{b^9}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$
 and leave your answer in positive index notation.

$$\left(\frac{a^{-6}}{b^9}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$=\frac{a^{-2}}{b^3} - M1: \text{ applied indices law with at most one error}$$

$$=\frac{1}{a^2b^3} - A1$$

(b) Given that $2^{4x} \div 2^x = \sqrt[3]{2}$, find x.

$$2^{4x} \div 2^{x} = \sqrt[3]{2}$$

$$2^{4x} \div 2^{x} = 2^{\frac{1}{3}} --- M1: \text{ able to convert to appropriate index form}$$

$$2^{3x} = 2^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$3x = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{9} --- A1$$

BP~242

18 (a) Given that $m^2 - 8mn + 16n^2 = 0$, find the value of $\frac{m}{n}$.

Method 1

$$m^{2} - 8mn + 16n^{2} = 0$$

$$(m - 4n)^{2} = 0 \quad \text{--- M1: attempt to factorise into perfect square}$$

$$m - 4n = 0$$

$$m = 4n$$

$$\frac{m}{n} = 4 \quad \text{---- A1}$$

Method 2

$$m = \frac{-(-8) \pm \sqrt{(-8n)^2 - 4(1)(16n^2)}}{2(1)} - B1$$

= $\frac{8n}{2} = 4n$
 $\therefore \quad \frac{m}{n} = 4 - A1$

(b) Factorise completely 3ac - 7c + 18ab - 42b.

$$3ac-7c+18ab-42b$$

= $c(3a-7)+6b(3a-7)$ --- M1: identified one common linear factor correctly
= $(c+6b)(3a-7)$ --- A1

A florist sells three types of bouquets, Bliss, Love and Commitment.The number of stalks for each type of flower in each type of bouquet is shown in the table.

		Type of Flower						
		Rose	Lily	Gerbera	Sunflower			
Type of Bouquet	Bliss	2	0	7	3			
Bouquet	Love	3	1	5	1			
	Commitment	8	2	4	0			

(a) Represent the above information in a 3×4 matrix, **F**.

$$\mathbf{F} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 7 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 8 & 2 & 4 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad -- \mathbf{B}\mathbf{1}$$

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- (b) The cost of each stalk of Rose, Lily, Gerbera and Sunflower are \$6, \$7.80, \$2.50 and \$3 respectively.
 - (i) Represent this information in a 4×1 column matrix, **H**.

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 7.80 \\ 2.50 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} --- B1$$

(ii) Evaluate J = FH.

$$\mathbf{J} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 7 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 8 & 2 & 4 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 7.80 \\ 2.50 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 38.50 \\ 41.30 \\ 73.60 \end{pmatrix} \quad --- \text{B1}$$

(iii) State what the elements of J represent.

Answer

The elements of J represent the total cost of the four types of flowers - Rose, Lily, Gerbera and Sunflower in bouquet Bliss, Love and Commitment respectively. --- B1

20 Box X contains 5 balls numbered 2, 3, 4, 7 and 9.

Box Y contains another 5 balls numbered 1, 5, 6, 8, and 10. In a game, Ming drew a ball at random from each box, and the sum of both numbers is obtained.

_	Box Y										
	+	1	5	6	8	10					
	2	3	7	8	10	12					
	3	4	8	9	11	13					
Box X	4	5	9	10	12	14					
	7	8	12	13	15	17					
	9	10	14	15	17	19					

(a) Complete the possibility diagram below.

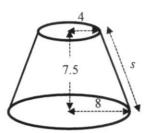
B1: Every 8 correct values B2: all correct

- (b) Find the probability that
 - (i) the sum of both numbers is an odd number,

(ii) the sum is a multiple of one of the two numbers drawn.

$$\frac{10}{25} = \frac{2}{5}$$
 --- B1

21 The upper part of a solid wooden right circular cone was cut off leaving the frustum as shown in the diagram. The frustum has top radius 4 cm, base radius 8 cm and height 7.5 cm.



(a) Show that the slant height, s, is 8.5 cm.

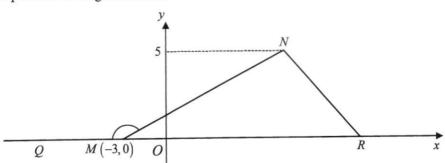
$$s = \sqrt{4^2 + 7.5^2} = 8.5 \text{ cm (shown)} --- \text{AG1}$$

- (b) Find the curved surface area of the frustum. Curved surface area $=\pi(8)(2\times8.5)-\pi(4)(8.5)$
 - M1: curved S.A. of the original right circular cone (BIG)
 - M1: curved S.A. of the wooden right circular cone (SMALL)

 $= 320.44 \approx 320 \text{ cm}^2 (3s.f.) --- A1$

22 In triangle MNR, point M is (-3, 0) and sin $\angle NMR = \frac{5}{13}$.

Q is a point on the negative x-axis.



(a) Express the following as a fraction

(i) $\cos \angle NMQ$,

Length of "adjacent" = 12 units --- M1: using Pythagoras' Theorem

$$-\frac{12}{13}$$
 --- A1

BP~245

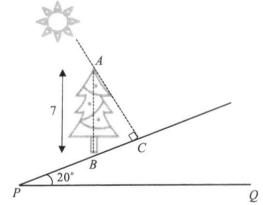
13

- (ii) $\tan \angle NMR$. $\frac{5}{12}$
- (b) The area of triangle MNR is 50 square units. Find the coordinates of R.

Area of triangle $MNR = \frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times 5 = 50$ Base = 20 units --- M1 Coordinates of R = (17, 0). --- A1

23 The diagram below shows a tree AB of height 7 m that stands vertically on a slope inclined at 20° with the horizontal PQ.

At a particular time in the morning, the tree casts a shadow, BC, on the slope. AC is perpendicular to the slope.



(a) Calculate the length of the shadow, BC, on the slope.

$$\sin 20^\circ = \frac{BC}{7} --- M1$$

 $BC = 7 \times \sin 20^\circ$
 $= 2.39 \text{ m (3s.f.)} --- A1$

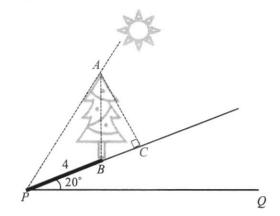
Or

$$\cos 70^{\circ} = \frac{BC}{7} --- M1$$

 $BC = 7 \times \cos 70^{\circ}$
 $= 2.39 \text{ m (3s.f.)} --- A1$

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After some time, the sun goes into a position as shown below.



(b) If the shadow, *BP*, of the tree on the slope is 4 m, find the angle that the sun ray makes with the horizontal *PQ*.

$$\frac{4}{P} \underbrace{\int_{P} \frac{1}{20^{\circ}}}_{P'} \frac{B}{P'}$$

$$\cos 20^{\circ} = \frac{PP'}{4}$$

$$PP' = 4 \times \cos 20^{\circ}$$

$$= 3.7587 \text{ m}$$

$$\sin 20^{\circ} = \frac{B'}{4}$$

$$BP' = 4 \times \sin 20^{\circ}$$

$$= 1.3680 \text{ m} \quad --\text{ M1: either length seen}$$
Height of A to the horizontal PQ
$$= (7+1.3680) \text{ m}$$
The required angle
$$\tan \angle APP' = \frac{8.3680}{3.7587} \quad --\text{ M1: appropriate use of trigo ratio to find the angle}$$

$$\angle APP' = 65.8^{\circ} (1 \text{ d.p.}) \quad --\text{ A1}$$

$$\sin 70^{\circ} = \frac{AC}{7} \quad (\angle ABC = 70^{\circ})$$

$$AC = 6.57784 \text{ m}$$

$$PC = 4 + 2.39414 = 6.39414 \text{ m} \quad --\text{ M1: seen length of } PC$$

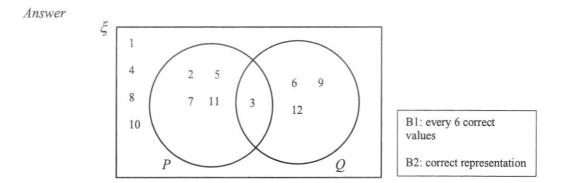
$$\tan \angle APC = \frac{AC}{PC} = \frac{6.57784}{6.39414} \quad --\text{ M1}$$

$$= 45.8113^{\circ}$$
The required angle = 45.8113^{\circ} + 20^{\circ} = 65.8^{\circ} \quad --\text{ A1}

Presbyte

BP~247

- 24 (a) $\xi = \{ \text{integers } x : 1 \le x \le 12 \}$ $P = \{ \text{prime numbers} \}$ $Q = \{ \text{multiples of } 3 \}$
 - (i) Represent the above information on the Venn diagram shown in the answer space below.



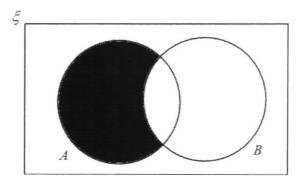
(ii) List the elements in $(P' \cap Q') \cup (P \cap Q)$.

$$(P' \cap Q') \cup (P \cap Q) = \{1, 3, 4, 8, 10\}$$
 --- B1

(iii) $R = \{x : x \text{ is a multiple of } 6\}$

Use set notation to describe the relationship between Q and R. $R \subset Q \longrightarrow B1$

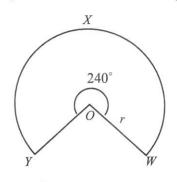
(b) On the Venn diagram, shade the region which represents the set $A \cap B'$.



B1: correct shading

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25 *OWXY* is a sector of a circle, centre O, of radius r cm and reflex angle 240°.



The sector *OWXY* has an area of 150π cm².

(a) Express 240° in terms of π radians.

$$240^{\circ} = 240 \times \frac{\pi}{180} \text{ rad } --- \text{ M1}$$

= $\frac{4}{3}\pi \text{ rad } --- \text{ A1}$

(b) Show that r = 15. Answer

$$\frac{1}{2}(r)^2 \frac{4\pi}{3} = 150\pi$$
 --- M1: applied formula
 $r = 15$ --- AG1

(c) The radii, OW and OY, are joined together to form a cone.

Find the base radius of the cone.

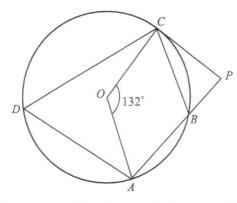
Answer <u>Method 1:</u> Arc length = Circumference of circular base $15\left(\frac{4}{3}\pi\right) = 2\pi x - M1$ x = 10 - A1

 $\frac{\text{Method 2:}}{\pi x l = 150\pi}$ $x = \frac{150\pi}{15\pi} \quad \text{--- M1}$

=10 --- A1

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26



In the diagram above, O is the centre of the circle, such that angle $COA = 132^{\circ}$. PC is a tangent to the circle at C and PBA is a straight line.

By giving a reason for each step of your working, find

(a) $\angle CDA$,

$$\angle CDA = 132^{\circ} \div 2$$

 $= 66^{\circ} (\angle \text{ at the centre} = \text{twice} \angle \text{ at circumference}) --- B1 \text{ reason, B1 answer}$

(b) $\angle CBP$.

 $\angle CBA = 180^{\circ} - 66^{\circ}$ = 114° (\angle s in opp. segment) $\angle CBP = 180^{\circ} - 114^{\circ} (adj. \angle s \text{ on a st. line})$ = 66° --- B1 B1: \angle s in opp. segment

(c) If the radius of the circle is 3.55 cm, calculate the area of triangle AOC.

Area of $\triangle AOC = \frac{1}{2} \times 3.55 \times 3.55 \times \sin 132^\circ - M1$: applied area of triangle formula = 4.68 cm² (3s.f.) --- A1

PRESBYTERIAN HIGH SCHOOL

MATHEMATICS PAPER 2

16 August 2023

4052/02

Wednesday

2 hours 15 minutes

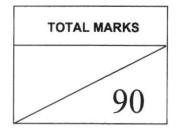
PRESBYTERIAN HIGH SCHOOL PRESBYTERIAN HIGH SCH

2023 SECONDARY FOUR EXPRESS PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION

MARKING SCHEME

				For	Exa	min	er's	s Us	e		
Qn	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Marks Deducted
Marks											
Cate	gory	/	A	ccu	racy	'	S	ymb	ols		Others
Questi	on N	lo.									

Setter: Mr Tan Lip Sing Vetter: Mdm Cynthia Chua



Mathematical Formulae

Compound Interest

Total amount =
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone =
$$\pi rl$$

Surface area of a sphere = $4\pi r^2$
Volume of a cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
Area of triangle ABC = $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$
Arc length = $r\theta$, where θ is in radians

Sector area =
$$\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$$
, where θ is in radians

Trigonometry

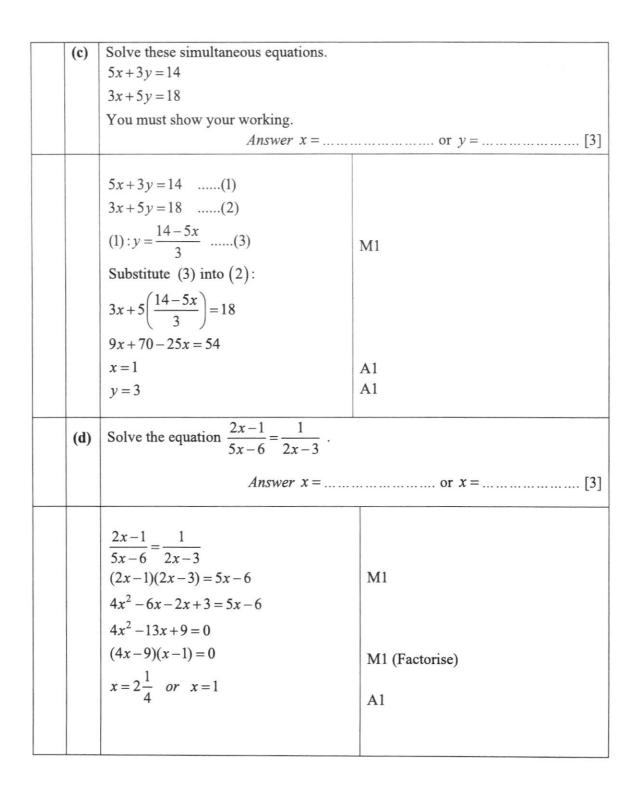
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Statistics

Mean =
$$\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation = $\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$

1	(a)	Rearrange the formula $c = \frac{d^2 + 5}{d^2 - 3}$ to r	nake <i>d</i> the subject.
			Answer $d =$
		$cd^{2} - 3c = d^{2} + 5$ $cd^{2} - d^{2} = 5 + 3c$ $d^{2}(c-1) = 5 + 3c$ $d^{2} = \frac{5+3c}{c-1}$ $d^{2} = \frac{5+3c}{c-1}$	M1 M1 A1
	(b)	Write as a single fraction in its simple	est form $\frac{3}{(x-2)^2} - \frac{1}{2-x}$. Answer
		$\frac{\frac{3}{(x-2)^2} - \frac{1}{2-x}}{=\frac{3}{(x-2)^2} + \frac{1}{x-2}}$ $=\frac{3+x-2}{(x-2)^2}$	M1
		$=\frac{3+x-2}{(x-2)^2} = \frac{x+1}{(x-2)^2}$	A1

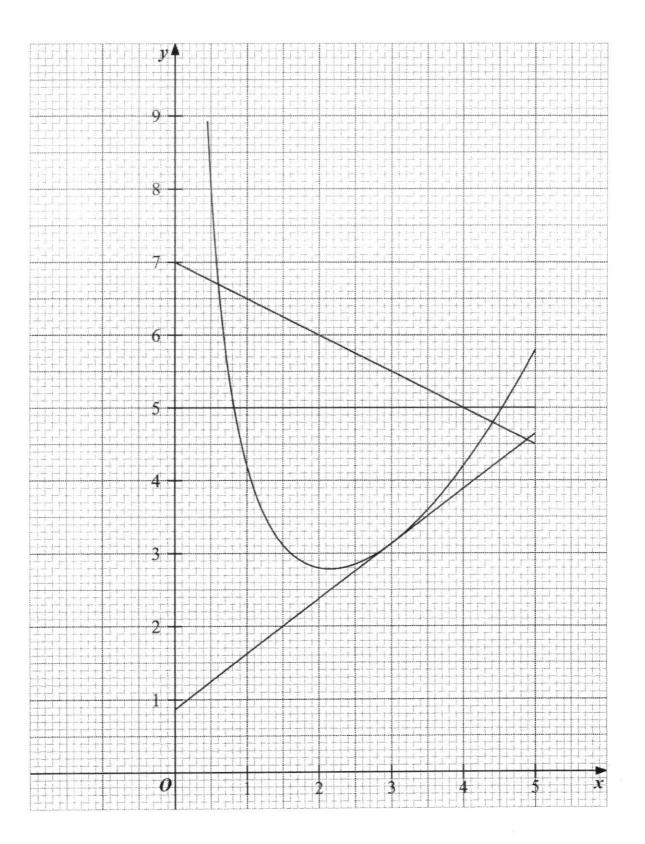


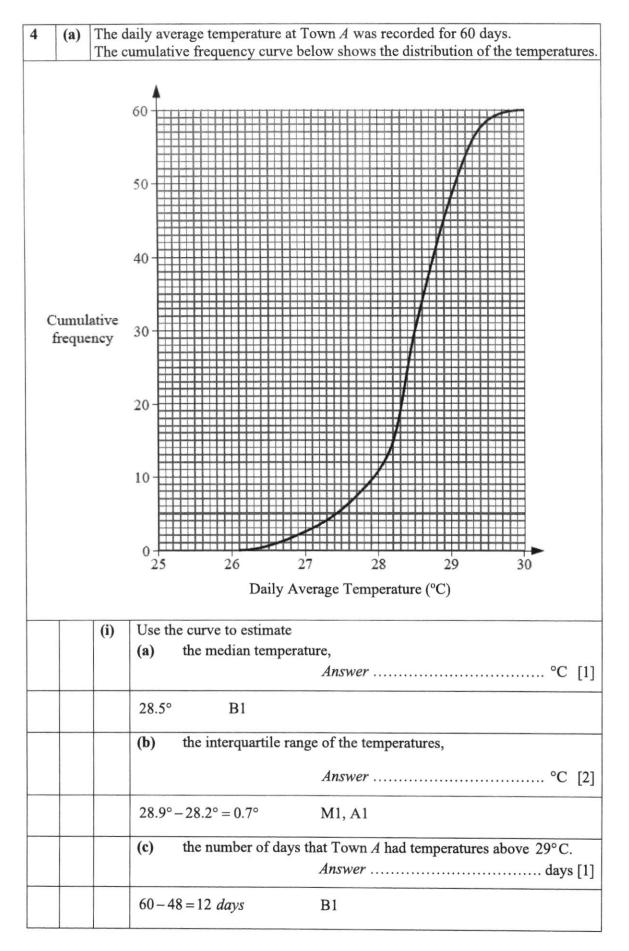
2	(a)	from dolla fee o	bought 3000 Singapore dollars ritish pounds (£) and Singapore he bank an additional commission of commission, he paid the bank.							
			Answ	<i>wer</i> £[2]						
			al amount before commission $\frac{000}{.71} = \pounds 1754.385965$	M1						
		=17	al amount inclusive of commission 754.385965×1.015 1781	A1						
	(b)	Peter bought a laptop while he was in Singapore. He paid \$664.20 inclust the 8% GST (Goods & Services Tax) for the laptop after getting a discou A% on the original price. The laptop's original price is \$750 before GST.								
		(i)	Find the GST amount paid for the laptop.							
				r[2]						
			$108\% = \$664.20$ $8\% = \$664.20 \times \frac{8}{108} = \49.20	M1						
			GST amount = \$49.20	A1						
		(ii)	Calculate the value of A.							
			Answer	<i>A</i> =% [2]						
			Discounted price before GST = $664.20 - 49.20 = 615.00							
			$A = \frac{750 - 615}{750} \times 100\%$	M1						
			$A = \frac{135}{750} \times 100\% = 18\%$	A1						

(c)	interest. How much interest will she receive after 10 years? Give your answ correct to the nearest cent.											
		<i>Answer</i> \$[2										
		Total amount after 10 years = $20000 \left(1 + \frac{4}{100}\right)^{10}$ = \$29604.89 Interest received	М1									
		= 29604.89 - 20000 = \$9604.89	A1									
(d)	A map of a province has a scale of 1 : 500 000.											
	(i)	 (i) The length of an expressway on the map is 25 cm. Calculate the actual length, in kilometres, of the expressway. Answer										
		1 cm : 5 km 25 cm : 125 km Actual length = 125 km	B1									
	(ii)	The area of a reservoir is 180 km ² . Calculate the area, in square centimetre	es, of the reservoir on the map. <i>nswer</i>									
		$(1 \text{ cm})^2 : (5 \text{ km})^2$ $1 \text{ cm}^2 : 25 \text{ km}^2$ Area on map $=\frac{180}{25} = 7.2 \text{ cm}^2$	M1 A1									

		below s places.		ne values	of <i>x</i> and	the c	orres	ponding v	values of	v correct to				
x		0.5	1	1.5	2	2	.5	3	4	5				
y		8.05	4.20	3.12	2.80	2.	85	3.13	4.20	5.80				
 (a)	On the grid provided, draw the graph of $y = \frac{x^2}{5} + \frac{4}{x}$ for $0.5 \le x \le 5$. Plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve. [3													
	Plot all 8 points correctly. B2 (6 or 7 points correct – B1) Join all points with a smooth curve. B1													
(b)														
		dient =	$\frac{6-0.95}{7-0}$	≈0.721		M1 A1								
 (c)	(i)	On th	e same gr	rid, draw t	the line y	v = 7 -	$-\frac{1}{2}x$	for $0 \le x$	≤5.	[
		Draw correct line $y = 7 - \frac{1}{2}x$. B1												
	(ii)	Write down the x-coordinates of the points where this line intersects the curve. Answer $x = \dots$ or \dots [
			.6 or x (-0.65)		45)	F	B1, B1							

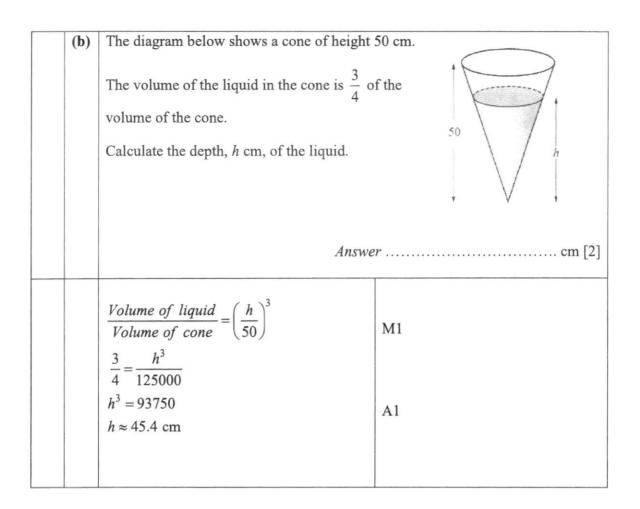
	(iii)	Find the equation, in the form $2x^3 + ax^2$ the values of x found in (c)(ii). Answer	+bx+c=0, which is satisfied by [2]
		$\frac{x^2}{5} + \frac{4}{x} = 7 - \frac{x}{2}$ $2x^3 + 40 = 70x - 5x^2$	M1
		$2x^3 + 5x^2 - 70x + 40 = 0$	A1
(d		your graph to find the values of x in the range $0 \le x \le 5$ for which $x^2 + \frac{4}{x} - 2 = 3$.	
		Answer $x = \dots$	or [2]
	$\frac{0.2x}{x^2}$	$\frac{4^{2} + \frac{4}{x} - 2}{x^{2} + \frac{4}{x} - 2} = 3$	
	Draw $x = 0$	x w the line $y = 5$, from the graph, 0.8 or $x = 4.55$ 5-0.85) (4.5-4.6)	B1, B1





	(ii)	The daily average temperature at Town B was recorded for the same period. The interquartile range of the temperatures at Town B is 1.5°C. Use this information to comment on one difference between the temperature at Town A and at Town B .		
		The temperatures at Town B have a larger spread than the temperatures at Town A. OR The temperatures at Town B were less consistent than the temperatures at Town A.		
(b)	Box A can Next	A contains 6 red cards, 4 blue cards and 2 green cards. B contains 3 red cards and 5 blue cards. rd is drawn at random from Box A and put into Box B. t, a card is drawn at random from Box B. , as a fraction in its simplest form, the probability that		
	(i)	two green cards are drawn, <i>Answer</i>		
		$P = \frac{2}{9} \times \frac{1}{9} = \frac{1}{54}$ B1		
	(ii)	neither of the cards is green, <i>Answer</i> [1]		
		$P = \frac{10}{12} \times 1 = \frac{5}{6}$ B1		
	(iii)	the two cards are of the same colour. Answer		
		P = P(RR) + P(BB) + P(GG) = $\frac{6}{12} \times \frac{4}{9} + \frac{4}{12} \times \frac{6}{9} + \frac{1}{54}$ M1 = $\frac{25}{54}$ A1		

-		751	1. 1		
5	(a)		liagram shows a		
			lelogram ABCD	A	\longrightarrow B
		with	CD produced to E .	/	
		F is the point of			1
	intersection of BE and			1	
AD.					
			Ŀ	D	С
		(i)	Show that triangle <i>BAF</i> and triangle <i>EDF</i> are similar.		
		(1)	Show that triangle DAP and triangle		mar.
			Give a reason for each statement you	make.	
					[2]
					[2]
			In $\triangle BAF$ and $\triangle EDF$,		
			$\angle BAF = \angle EDF$ (Alternate angles, A)	B//ED)	M1 (at least one
			$\angle AFB = \angle DFE$ (Vertically opposite		correct reason)
				ungles)	
			$\therefore \Delta BAF$ and ΔEDF are similar.		A1 (with correct
			(AA Similarity Test)		reason)
		(ii)	State another triangle that is similar to	BAF and	EDF.
			Anguar Tric	mala	[1]
			Answer 1112	ungie	[1]
			Triangle ECP	B1	
			Triangle ECB.	DI	
		(iii)	The ratio $ED: DC = 2:3$.		
			Find the ratio $BC: AF$.		
			Answe	er	:
			5:3	B1	
		(iv)	Given that the area of triangle EDF	is 9.5 cm^2 , fi	nd the area of triangle
			BAF.		
			Answer		cm ² [2]
			Answer	•••••	cm [2]
			Area of $ARAF (3)^2$		
			$\frac{Area \ of \ \Delta BAF}{Area \ of \ \Delta EDF} = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2$	M1	
			Area of $\Delta BAF = \frac{9}{4} \times 9.5 = 21.375$ cm	² A1	
			4		



6	such such It is	In the diagram below, P is a point on DC, uch that $DC = 2DP$ and X is a point on BP uch that $3BX = 2BP$. It is given that $\overrightarrow{AD} = 4\mathbf{a}$, $\overrightarrow{AB} = 3\mathbf{b}$, and $\overrightarrow{DP} = 2\mathbf{a} + 3\mathbf{b}$.		C P 2a+3b A B 3b A
	(a)	Expr	ess, as simply as possible, in terms of a and/or b,	
		(i)	\overrightarrow{BP} ,	Answer[1]
		(ii)	$\overrightarrow{BP} = \overrightarrow{BA} + \overrightarrow{AD} + \overrightarrow{DP}$ $= -3\mathbf{b} + 4\mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{a} + 3\mathbf{b}$ $= 6\mathbf{a}$ $\overrightarrow{AX},$	B1 Answer
			$\overrightarrow{BX} = \frac{2}{3} \overrightarrow{BP} = 4\mathbf{a}$ $\overrightarrow{AX} = \overrightarrow{AB} + \overrightarrow{BX}$ $= 3\mathbf{b} + 4\mathbf{a}$	M1 A1
		(iii)	\overrightarrow{AC} .	Answer[2]
			$\overrightarrow{DC} = 2\overrightarrow{DP} = 4\mathbf{a} + 6\mathbf{b}$ $\overrightarrow{AC} = \overrightarrow{AD} + \overrightarrow{DC}$ $= 4\mathbf{a} + 4\mathbf{a} + 6\mathbf{b}$ $= 8\mathbf{a} + 6\mathbf{b} or 2(4\mathbf{a} + 3\mathbf{b})$	M1 A1

(b)	Explain whether the points A , X and C lie on the	e same straight line.
		[2]
	$\overrightarrow{AC} = 2(4\mathbf{a} + 3\mathbf{b}) = 2\overrightarrow{AX}$ AX is parallel to AC and since A is a common	M1
	point, A , X and C lie on the same straight line.	A1
(c)	Given that the area of triangle $BCP = 24 \text{ cm}^2$, find the area of triangle CXP . Answer	
	Area of $\triangle CXP = \frac{1}{3}$ Area of $\triangle BCP$ = $\frac{1}{3}(24)$ = $8 \ cm^2$	M1 A1

7	1	diagram shows four towns A, B, C		North	
	and	D on a piece of horizontal land.			
		D is a trapezium. $AB = 0.9$ km, $AD = 150^{\circ}$.		A 0.9 km B	
		-	1.2 km	150°	
	D				
				c	
	(a)	Calculate the distance between Town B and Town D.			
		Answer km [3]			
		$(BD)^{2} = (1.2)^{2} + (0.9)^{2} - 2(1.2)(0.9) \cos(\theta - \theta)^{2}$	s150°	M2 (all correct) M1 (2 out of 3 correct)	
		= 4.12061 BD = 2.0299 \approx 2.03 km		A1	
	(b)	Calculate the value of angle <i>BDC</i> .			
		A	nswer	° [2]	
		$\frac{\sin \angle BDA}{0.9} = \frac{\sin 150^{\circ}}{2.0299}$ $\sin \angle BDA = 0.22168$ $\angle BDA = 12.808^{\circ} \approx 12.8^{\circ}$	M1		
		Since <i>ABCD</i> is a trapezium,			
		$\angle ADC = 180^\circ - 150^\circ = 30^\circ$			
		$\angle BDC = 30^{\circ} - 12.808^{\circ}$ = 17.192° \approx 17.2°	A1		
	(c)	Calculate the bearing of <i>D</i> from <i>B</i> .			
		Answer° [
		$\angle ABD = \angle BDC = 17.192^{\circ}$			
		Bearing of D from B			
		$= 270 - 17.192^{\circ}$	M1		
		≈ 252.8°	A1		
		16			

(d)	A tower is standing at Town <i>B</i> . The greatest angle of elevation of the top of the to 18°. Find the height of the tower in metres. <i>Answer</i>	ower, <i>T</i> , from the path <i>CD</i> is
	Let the shortest distance from <i>B</i> to <i>CD</i> be <i>d</i> km. $\sin \angle BDC = \frac{d}{2.0299}$ $d = 2.0299 \sin 17.192^{\circ}$ $= 0.599987 \ km$ Let <i>h</i> be the height of the tower.	M1
	$\tan 18^{\circ} = \frac{h}{0.599987}$ h = 0.599987 tan 18°	M1
	$= 0.194947 \ km$ $\approx 195 \ m$	A1

BP~268

8	Jame	es bought some essential oil for \$720 at x per litre.		
	(a)	Write an expression, in terms of x , for the number of litres of essential oil he bought.		
		$\frac{Answer}{x}$ litres B1		
	(b)	Due to a leakage in the container, 5 litres of essential oil was lost. James sold the remaining essential oil at \$2 per litre more than what he had paid for. Write an expression, in terms of x , for the amount of money he received from the sale of essential oil. <i>Answer</i> \$[1]		
		$\$\left(\frac{720}{x}-5\right)(x+2)$	B1	
	(c)	Given that James made a profit of \$100, write down an equation in x to represent this information and show that it reduces to $x^2 + 22x - 288 = 0$.		
		$\left(\frac{720}{x}-5\right)(x+2)-720=100$	M1	
		$720 + \frac{1440}{x} - 5x - 10 - 720 - 100 = 0$	M1	
		$\frac{1440}{x} - 5x - 110 = 0$ $-5x^2 - 110x + 1440 = 0$		
		$x^2 + 22x - 288 = 0$	AG1	
	(d)	Solve the equation $x^2 + 22x - 288 = 0$. Answer $x = \dots$ or $x = \dots$ [2]		
		$x = \frac{-22 \pm \sqrt{22^2 - 4(1)(-288)}}{2(1)}$ $-22 \pm \sqrt{1636}$	M1	
		$= \frac{-222 \pm \sqrt{1030}}{2}$ = 9.2237 or -31.2237 ≈ 9.22 or -31.2 A1, A1		

(e)	Find, to the nearest litre, the amount	of essential oil James sold.	
	Answer litres [2]		
	$\frac{720}{9.2237} - 5 = 73.09 \approx 73$ litres	M1, A1	

	1	Table 1: Income T	ax Rate
	Chargeable Income	Rate (%)	Gross Tax Payable (\$)
	On the first \$120,000	-	7,950
	On the next \$40,000	15	6,000
	On the first \$160,000	-	13,950
	On the next \$40,000	18	7,200
	On the first \$200,000	-	21,150
	On the next \$40,000	19	7,600
	On the first \$240,000	-	28,750
	On the next \$40,000	19.5	7,800
(a)	the year of assessment 20 [Annual income = Cha	022. Calculate his rgeable income + Ans	tax relief] wer \$
	Let the chargeable incom $14130 = 13950 + (A \times 189)$ A = \$1000		A) M1
	Annual income = (1600) = 1760		D) A1

(b)	The maximum duration of a housing loan for private properties is up to 35 years or 65 years of age, whichever is lower. Given that Henry is 45 years old, find the maximum number of years Henry ca loan from the bank.		
	Answe	r	yea
	Maximum number is $65 - 45 = 20$ years	B1	
(c)	Henry decides to apply for a loan for the max The loan from the bank is subject to a simple The government introduced the Total Debt individuals from over-borrowing.	interest of 3.5% per	annum.
	Information about TDSR	1	
	Information about TDSR • Total Debt Servicing Ratio = Tot • Total monthly debt repayment independent loans, credit card expendent • The maximum TDSR allowed is the service of the service o	ludes repayments for liture, home loans and 55%.	r car loans
	 Total Debt Servicing Ratio = Tot Total monthly debt repayment incorporation personal loans, credit card expendent The maximum TDSR allowed is the service of th	ludes repayments for liture, home loans and 55%.	r car loans
	 Total Debt Servicing Ratio = Tot Total monthly debt repayment ind personal loans, credit card expendent The maximum TDSR allowed is the His current monthly debt repayment is shown 	Solutes repayments for liture, home loans and 55%.	r car loans
	 Total Debt Servicing Ratio = Tot Total monthly debt repayment incorporation personal loans, credit card expendent The maximum TDSR allowed is the service of th	Pludes repayments for liture, home loans and 55%. n in the table below: Amount (\$)	r car loans
	 Total Debt Servicing Ratio = Tot Total monthly debt repayment independent loans, credit card expendent The maximum TDSR allowed is the service of t	Pludes repayments for liture, home loans and 55%. In in the table below: Amount (\$) 1000	r car loans
	 Total Debt Servicing Ratio = Total Total monthly debt repayment incorporation personal loans, credit card expended The maximum TDSR allowed is the service of the	Pludes repayments for liture, home loans and 55%. A in the table below: Amount (\$) 1000 1000 1000	r car loans d other lo

Interest on housing loan for 1 year = $\$800000 \times 0.035 = \28000 Interest on housing loan for 20 years = $\$28000 \times 20 = \560000	M1 M1
Total debt (loan + interest) = \$(800 000 + 560 000) = \$1360 000	M1
Monthly debt repayment for housing loan over 20 years = $1360\ 000 \div (12 \times 20) = 5666.67$	M1
Maximum debt allowable per month under TDSR $=$ \$15 500 \times 0.55 $=$ \$8525	M1
Henry's total monthly debt = \$(5666.67 + 3000) = \$8666.67	M1
Since Henry's monthly debt of \$8666.67 has exceeded the maximum debt allowable per month (\$8525) under the TDSR, the bank will not approve his loan.	A1